FRUIT JUICE*

INTAKE IN AUSTRALIA

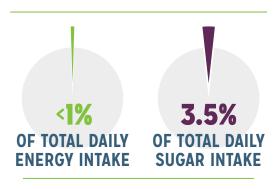
Key findings from a secondary analysis¹ of the 2011-12 Australian National Nutrition and Physical Activity Survey²:





IS 1 FRUIT SERVE
(CONSUMED OCCASIONALLY)

FRUIT JUICE CONTRIBUTED



AMONG AUSTRALIANS

FRUIT

INCREASES 5 TIMES

the number of Australians meeting their recommended serves of fruit, compared to fruit alone**

For consumers, fruit juice contributed⁺

ALMOST 60% OF TOTAL DAILY VITAMIN C

16% OF TOTAL FOLATE

14% OF TOTAL POTASSIUM

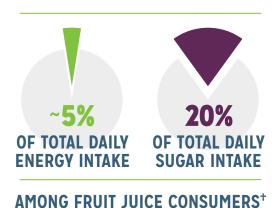
Among Australians





consumed fruit juice+

FRUIT JUICE CONTRIBUTED



Most fruit juice is consumed with a **main meal**, rather than on its own



There was no significant association between



AND



for both children and adults -

NOTES

- * Fruit juice with no added sugar
- **Excludes fruit juice and dried fruit
- † On the day of the survey

REFERENCES

- Hendrie, G.A., Baird, D., Syrette, J., Barnes, M., Riley, M (2015) Consumption of fruit juice in the Australian population: A secondary analysis of the Australian National Nutrition and Physical Activity Survey 2011-12. CSIRO. Australia.
- 2. ABS (2014) Australian Health Survey: Nutrition First Results, 2011-12. ABS cat. no. 4364.0.55.001. Canberra: Australian Bureau of Statistics.
- 3. National Health and Medical Research Council (2013) Australian Dietary Guidelines. Canberra: National Health and Medical Research Council

For detailed findings, please refer to the summary report titled "The role of fruit juice in the Australian diet - A secondary analysis of the Australian Health Survey: National Nutrition and Physical Activity Survey (2011-12)".

For more information on all, non-dairy, non-alcoholic beverages, refer to the summary report titled "The role of beverages in the Australian diet - A secondary analysis of the Australian Health Survey: National Nutrition and Physical Activity Survey (2011–12)".

